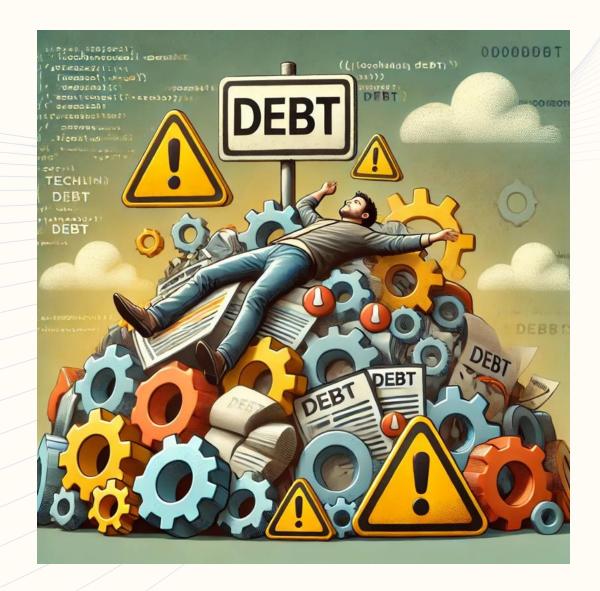
Rolling in the Debt: From Technical Debt To Asset Management

Dr. Ehsan Zabardast



redeploy





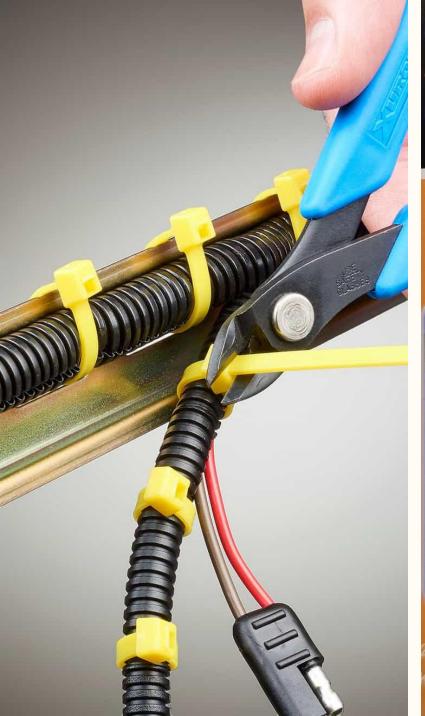


Dr. Javier Gonzalez Huerta



Prof. Dr. Tony Gorschek





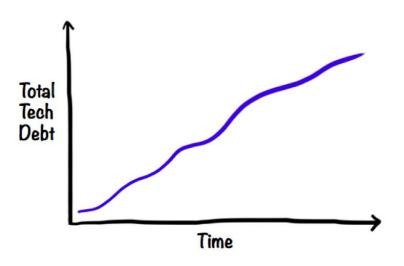


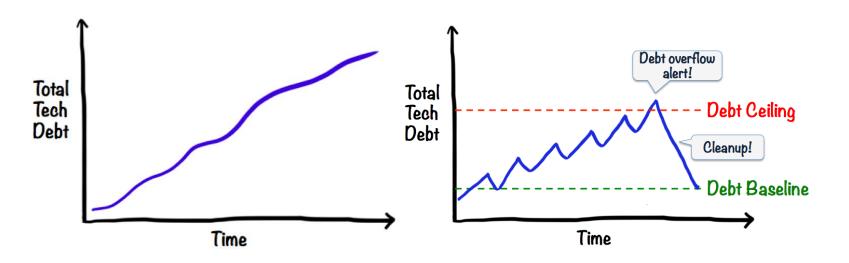


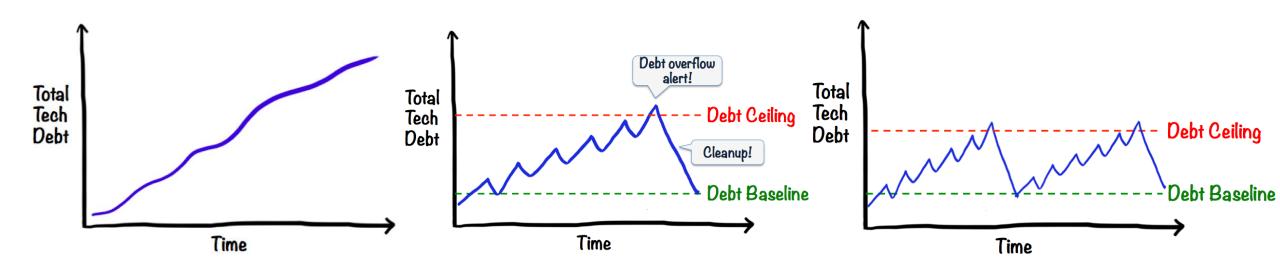


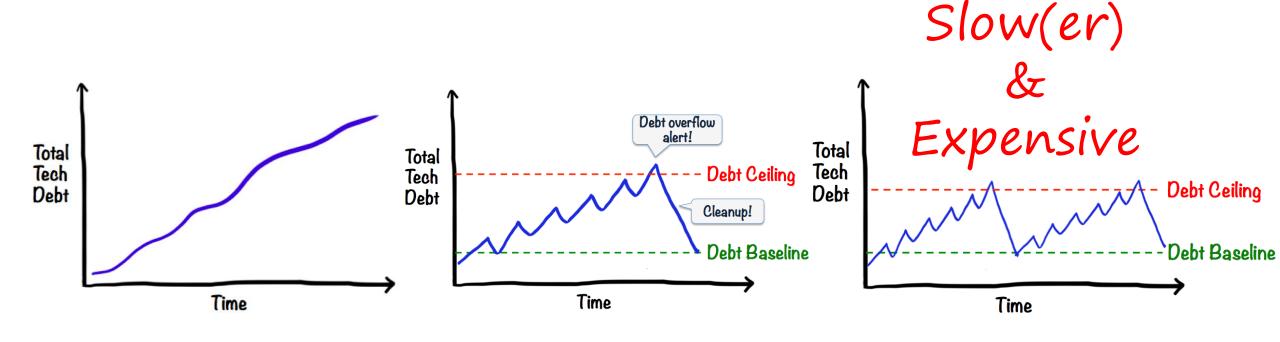


Technical Debt refers to the long-term cost and inefficiencies that result from taking **shortcuts** or **suboptimal solutions** in software development, which require future refactoring or maintenance.









Technical Debt In Practice

sonarqube



Apache Hive

The Apache Hive ™ is a distributed, fault-tolerant data warehouse system that enables analytics at a massive scale and facilitates reading, writing, and managing petabytes of data residing in distributed storage using SQL.



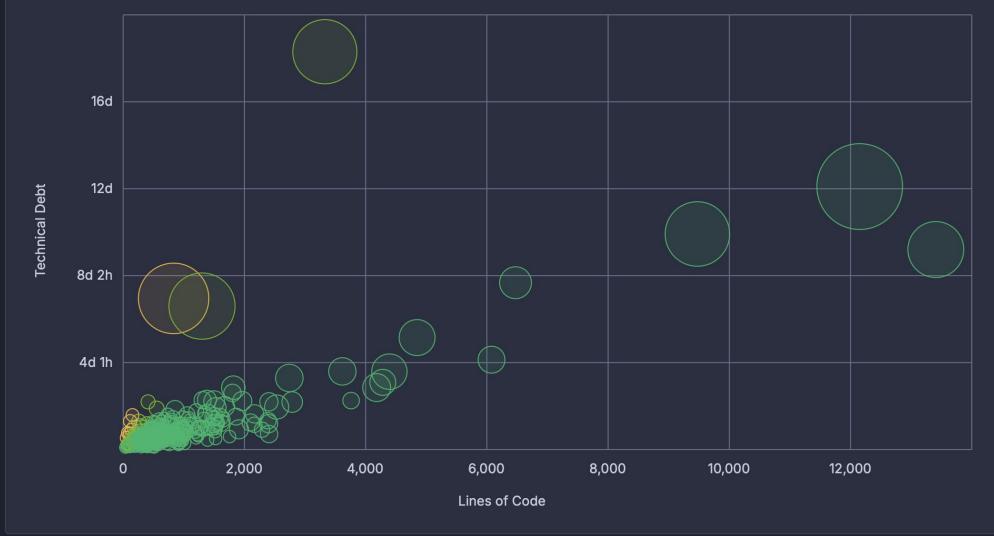


Hive 500/7,728 files

Maintainability Overview ?



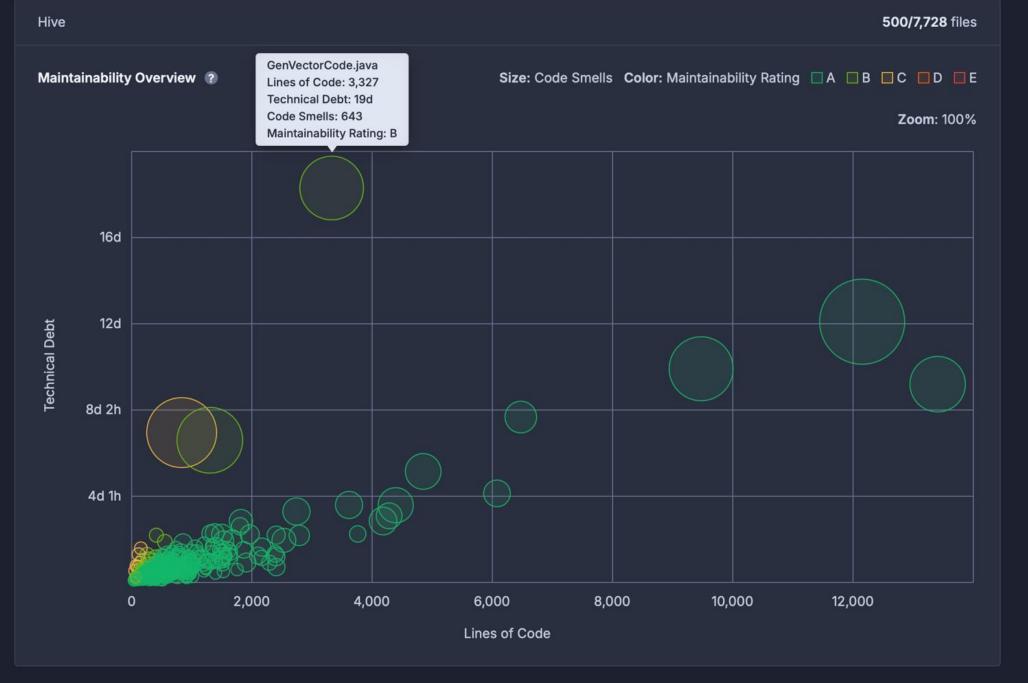
Zoom: 100%







Technical Debt: 838 Day!



Technical Debt Research

Current Research State:

- Value creation perspective
- Focus on architecture over code
- Advanced tools for technical debt management
- Continuous technical debt management
- Data-driven technical debt management
- Socio-technical factors in technical debt
- Cross-disciplinary collaboration
- Proactive over reactive debt management
- Use of standardized metrics for technical debt
- Stakeholder involvement in technical debt decision

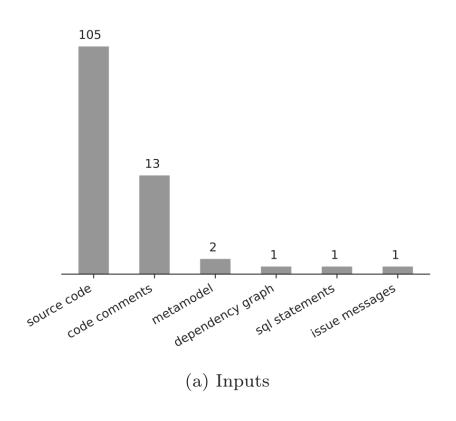
Architecture Debt Design Debt **Usability Debt Documentation Debt** Code Debt Requirement Debt Defect Debt Versioning Debt Test Debt **Build Debt Process Debt** People Debt Automation Test Debt Service Debt

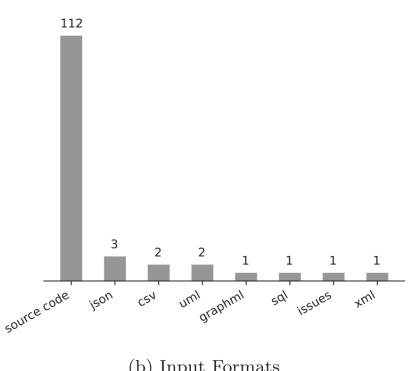
Rios, N., de Mendonça Neto, M. G., & Spínola, R. O. (2018). A tertiary study on technical debt: Types, management strategies, research trends, and base information for practitioners. Information and Software Technology, 102, 117-145.

Avgeriou, P., Ozkaya, I., Chatzigeorgiou, A., Ciolkowski, M., Ernst, N. A., Koontz, R. J., ... & Shull, F. (2023, May). Technical debt management: The road ahead for successful software delivery. In 2023 IEEE/ACM International Conference on Software Engineering: Future of Software Engineering (ICSE-FoSE) (pp. 15-30). IEEE.



Technical Debt Management Research

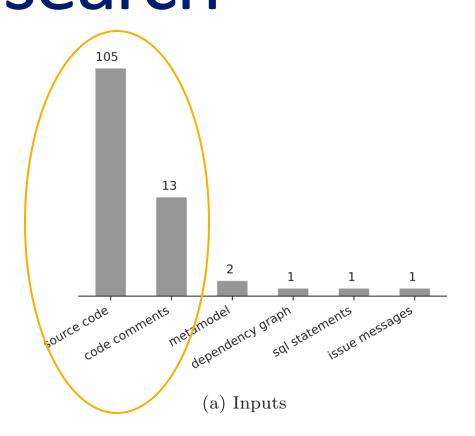


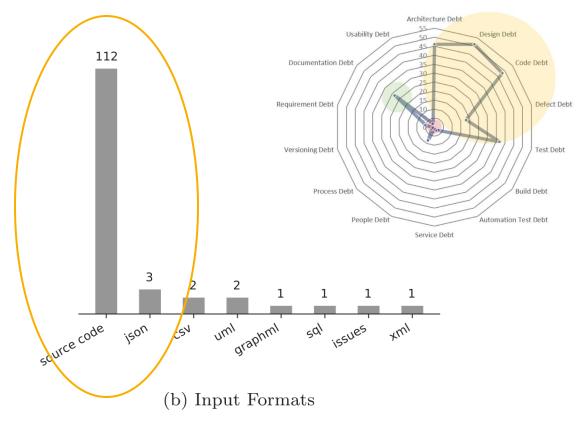


(b) Input Formats



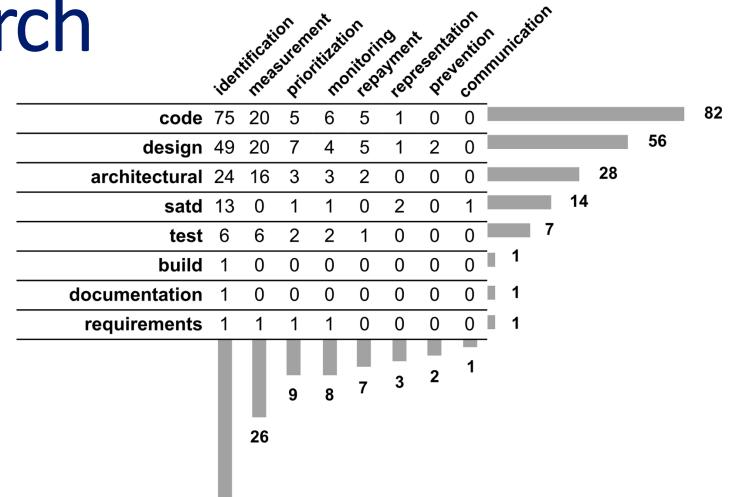
Technical Debt Management Research





Tools

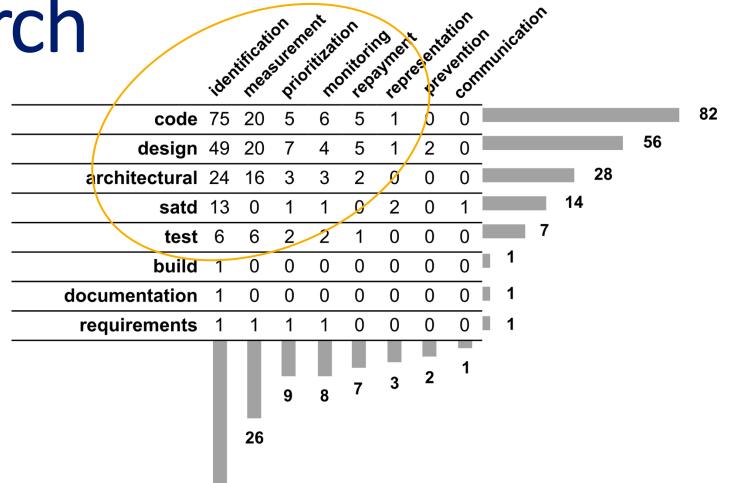
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Tools

Technical Debt Management
Research

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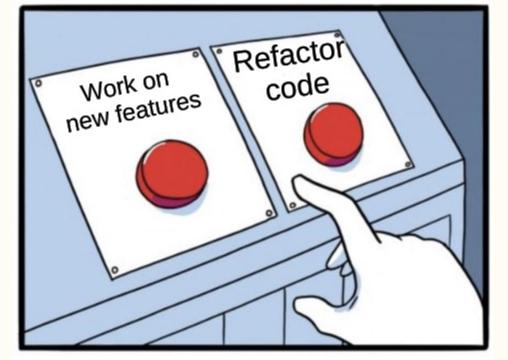


Technical Debt Facts

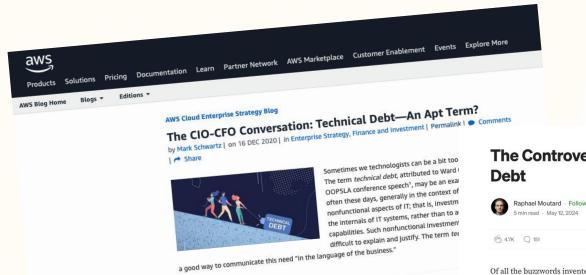
- Technical debt is unavoidable!
- Virtually, you can't get rid of technical debt.
- Measuring technical debt is not straightforward.
- Technical debt is contagious!



... so what?







On Technical Debt and Why We

Can't Have Nice Things

Josef (Yossi) Goldstein - Follow

10 min read - Mar 1, 2024

Medium Q Search



O Everything → Productivity

Career Advice

AI/ML

Open Source

DECEMBER 27, 2023



Of all the buzzwords invented by the software industry, Technical Debt is the most frustrating. I know this will be controversial, and I can already hear clean architecture zealots fulminating. So let me explain my thoughts.







AUTHORS

△ A ≥ Login

Q Find something...

It's time to stop saying technical debt I've never metaphor I didn't like. Until now.





"STOP SAYING TECHNICAL DEBT"



W 0

If there's one thing engineers can't stop talking about is technical debt and how much everyone feels like they are not doing enough to battle it. "We have too much of it!" they say. "We should have a zero tech debt policy in company!" some argue. "So much of our system is legacy code, this is horrible

tech debt" they demand, wishing to rewrite it all. It seems like tech debt is the one and only bane of good software engine and if we were only to get rid of it we could reach coding utopia.



What the f\$%k is Tech Debt?

I ask during interviews "What is the definition of tech debt?" surprisingly every candidate has a different answer. It seems like the industry hasn't converged. I classified the responses into the following categories:

People	Best Practices	Unfinished Migration	
code nobody wants to modify	code that is not tested	code that is not typed (javascript vs typescript)	

A colleagues on the business side. me. It's to blame for our low morale. And

ાી know the story: If only our managers wouldn't pressure us to deliver the next re, we could do it right. But we never get the chance. We tell them there's too technical debt, but they don't stop pushing us for new features.

e all vague terms, scapegoats, and boogeymen, it hides the complexity of reality.

rd the term technical debt used for so many different things that they've become e macer coda loner archiractura unfinichad databaca migratione unucad filac

Assets in Software Engineering





bit.ly/techdebt2025

Assets in Software Engineering



Assets are artefacts that:

- Are used frequently during software's life cycle
- Have potential or actual value for the organisation



Quality Matters

Continuously controlling and en quality is justified by continuous

nsuring		*
s use.		DA
	GU	AL

	intended to be used more than once	one time used
Artefacts	Assets e.g., Code	Not Asset e.g., Test Result





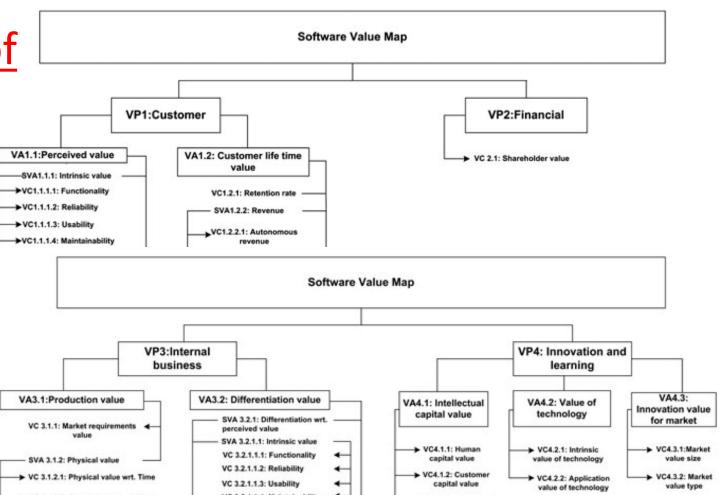
Asset Degradation



Degradation is the loss of

value that an asset suffers due its manipulation.

Khurum, M., Gorschek, T., & Wilson, M. (2013). The software value map—an exhaustive collection of value aspects for the development of software intensive products. Journal of software: Evolution and Process, 25(7), 711-741.



Asset Degradation

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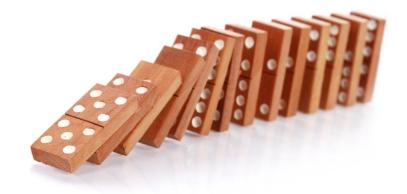
		Degradation	
	Deliberate	Unintentional	Entropy
— Organisation	1	4	7
Structure	Over-simplification	Unofficial roles	Outdated document
(e.g. Teams'	of role structures	in organisation	due to company growth
Constellation Document)			
Activity Diagram	2 Intentionally leaving some details for later	5 Usage of outdated terminology	8 Diagram is non-representative of actual system
•	Intentionally leaving some details	Usage of outdated	Diagram is non-representative

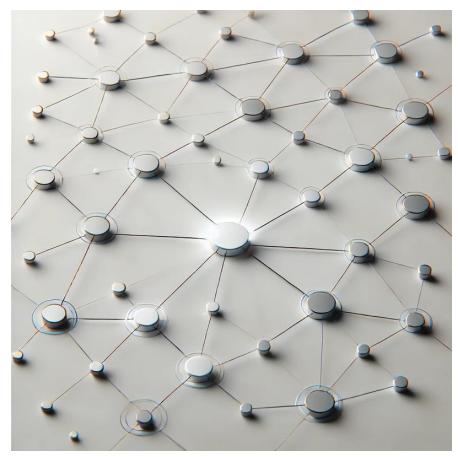






When an asset is degraded, it is likely to influence the value of other assets that depend on the degraded asset.



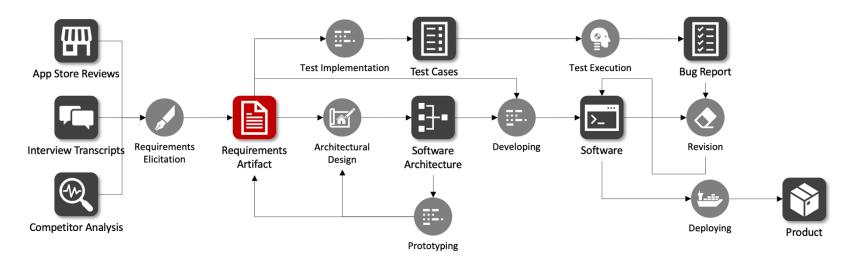


Requirements impact subsequent Software Development Activities



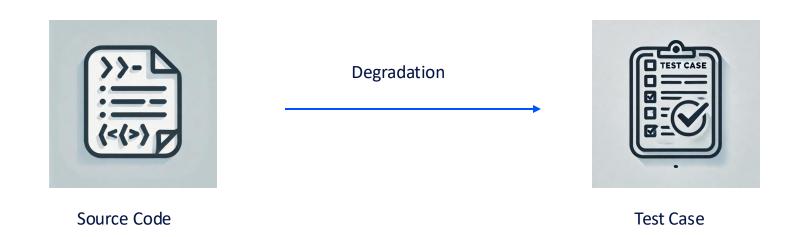
BLEKINGE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Whe likely other degra

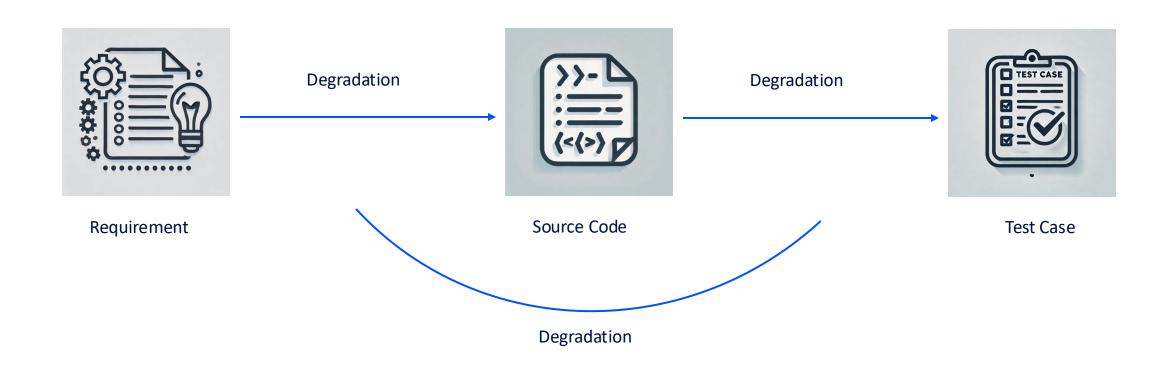












From Technical Debt To Asset Management

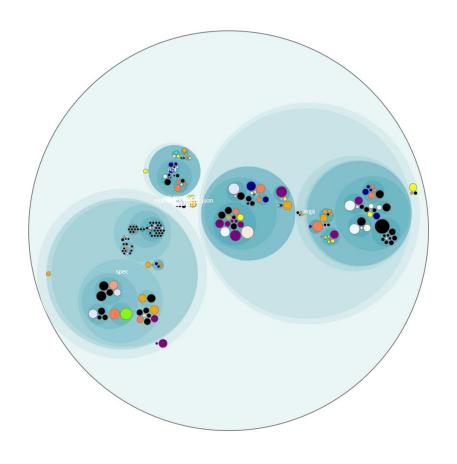


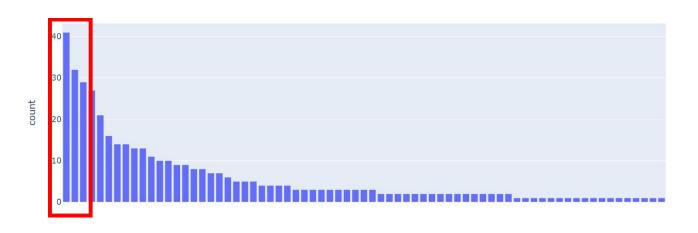
- Asset Management is the administration of assets and the activities that are related to creating and maintaining them as well as controlling their quality.
- TD implies the "debt" you owe given the degradation.
- We want to move from Technical Debt to Asset Management.



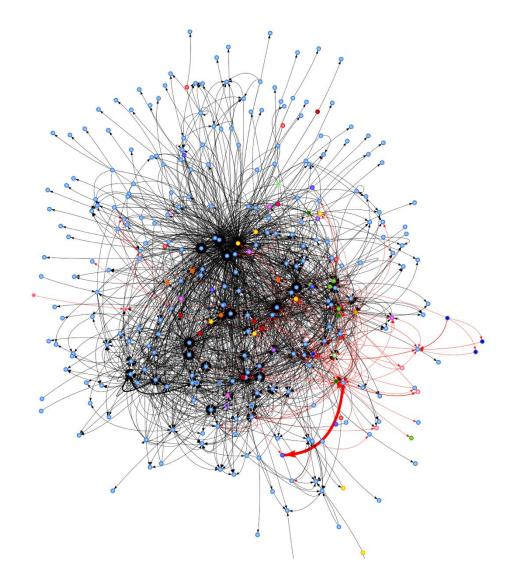
Puzzling it all together...







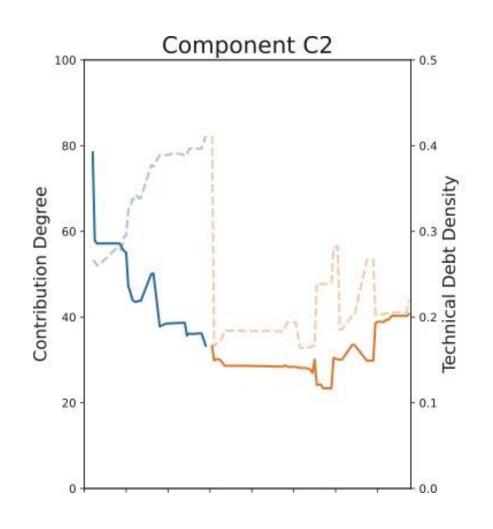
Puzzling it all together...

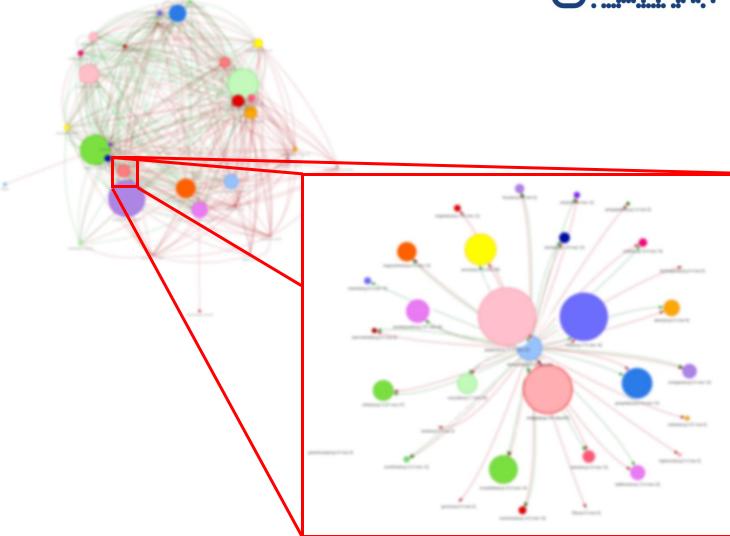




Puzzling it all together...







Puzzling it all together in one place



- Asset telemetry dashboard.
 - Monitor assets based on different metrics important for each organisation.
- Better decision-making with AI
 - Create projections of how things are going - better estimation based on assets' history and other organisational inputs.



Where to Begin?





Identify Assets



Identify Metrics & Measurements



Create A Map of Assets for Organisations

Other implications



Taxing Collaborative Software Engineering

The Challenges for Tax Compliance in Software Engineering

Michael Dorner , Blekinge Institute of Technology Maximilian Capraro, Oliver Treidler, and Tom-Eric Kunz, Kolabri

Darja Šmite[®] and Ehsan Zabardast[®], Blekinge Institute of

Daniel Mendez[®], Blekinge Institute of Technology and fortiss

Krzysztof Wnuk[®], Blekinge Institute of Technology



is often the result of a highly collaborative effort. However, collaboration within a multinational enterprise has an overlooked legal implication when developers collaborate across national borders: It is taxable. In this article, we discuss the unsolved problem of taxing collaborative software engineering

// The engineering of complex software systems

He's spending a year dead for tax reasons.

across borders. //

-Douglas Adams, The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy

MODERN SOFTWARE SYSTEMS

are often too large, too complex, and evolving too fast for single developers to oversee. Therefore, software engineering has become highly collaborative. Further, software development is often a joint effort of individuals and teams collaborating across borders, especially in multinational companies with their subsidiaries spread around the globe.1 However, collaboration has a legal implication if individuals collaborate across borders: The profits from those cross-border collaborations become taxable.

Introduction

In this article, we describe the complexity of applying the established international taxation standards required and

Exploring the Factors that Impact The Half-life of Software

Krzysztof Wnuk¹, Theresia Harrer³, Piotr Tomaszewski², and Ehsan Zabardast¹

> ¹ Blekinge Institute of Technology, Sweden krw@bth.se, ehsan.zabardast@bth.se, ² RISE Research Institutes of Sweden, piotr.tomaszewski@ri.se, ³ Hanken School of Economics, Helsinki, Finland theresia.harrer@hanken.fi.

Abstract. This vision paper explores the factors that impact the aging and depreciation of software. Based on the exploration of related work in software aging, software anti-aging, the financial aspect of technical debt and accounting of intangible assets, we postulate that a more holistic approach towards obsolescence should be taken as most research focuses solely on the technical aspects of software aging, leaving the business and accounting aspects greatly unexplored.

Keywords: software aging, software half-life, software technical debt

Introduction

Software business is fiercely competitive with rapidly changing market trends, customer needs and technologies [7]. The intangible and flexible nature of software makes it a suitable mechanism to respond to these changes, however at the risk and cost of rapid obsolescence and aging of produced software artifacts. Software aging is not a new concept, it was discussed in 1994 by Parnas, who claimed that programs like people get old despite software programs being math-



Technology | Government | Corporate Governance | Tax

Microsoft says US has asked for \$28.9 billion in audit dispute

By Stephen Nellis

October 12, 2023 12:55 AM GMT+2 · Updated a year ago











A man stands inside the Microsoft Experience Center in New York City, U.S., January 18, 2023. REUTERS/Shannon Stapleton Purchase Licensing Rights [3

Rolling in the Debt: From Technical Debt To Asset Management

Dr. Ehsan Zabardast

More info and Survey on Technical Debt



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